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Article



Lathriobates manohardasi sp. nov. (Hemiptera: Gerromorpha: Gerridae) from Tamil Nadu, India, with a key to the species

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Abstract

Lathriobates manohardasi sp. nov. is described and compared with known congeners. A key to the species of the genus of world is included.

Key words: Trepobatinae, Kannyakumari District, Tamil Nadu, India

Introduction

Gerridae comprises a group of semi-aquatic bugs that spend almost their entire lives skating above the water surface of lentic and lotic environments. Approximately 750 species are distributed among 60 genera and 9 subfamilies of Gerridae (Moreira, 2011). Thirumalai (2002) reported one species each of *Calyptobates, Gnomobates, Lathriobates,* and *Naboandelus* of the subfamily Trepobatinae from India. The world fauna of *Lathriobates* includes four species: *L. obscures* Miyamoto, *L. rufus* Polhemus & Polhemus, *L. johorensis* Polhemus & Polhemus and *L. raja* Distant. A fifth species *Lathriobates manohardasi* **sp. nov.** is described here.

The genus *Cryptobates* Esaki, 1929 (Gerridae: Heteroptera) is a junior homonym of *Cryptobates* Fairmaire, 1882 of the family Tenebrionidae (Coleoptera), so the name *Lathriobates* was proposed as a replacement name by Polhemus (2004), with type species *Gerris raja* Distant, 1910.

Material and methods

Study area: Kannyakumari is regarded as the southern most district of Tamil Nadu. The district lies between 77° 15° and 77° 36° E longitude and 8° 03° and 8° 35° N latitude. The district has a climate, suitable for growing a number of crops. In the present study, the new species was collected from an irrigation ditch near to a banana field (Type locality: Plate II).

The insects were collected using a D-frame aquatic net and preserved in 75 percent ethanol. Specimens have been studied with Leica MZ125 microscope. The photographs and measurements were taken through a Leica stereo zoom microscope (Leica M205A), using the software Leica application suite (LAS V3.8).

Key to the species of Lathriobates of the world

1.	Posterior margin of female abdominal sternum VII truncated; body pale brown to yellowish brown without distinct stripes
-	Posterior margin of female abdominal sternum VII excavated; body yellowish to orange brown with distinct stripes3
2.	Body yellowish to brown; mesofemur shorter than mesothorax and abdomen together (Malaysia) L. obscures Miyamoto
-	Body orange brown; mesofemur more or less equal to the length of mesothorax and abdomen together (Malaysia and Singa-
	pore) L. rufus Polhemus & Polhemus
3.	Mesosternum with dark stripe on lateral region (West Malaysia) L. johorensis Polhemus & Polhemus