

***Hennobrimus hennemanni* n. gen. n. sp., a remarkable new genus
and species of the tribe Obrimini from the Philippine Islands.
(Phasmatodea: Heteropterygidae: Obriminae: Obrimini)**

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Abstract

A new genus and species (*Hennobrimus hennemanni* n. gen. n. sp.) of the tribe Obrimini from the Philippine Islands of Mindanao and Leyte are described and illustrated from both sexes. The holotype is preserved in the State Zoological Collections Munich, Germany (ZSMC). Paratypes are deposited in the private collection of the author (OC) and in the private collection of Frank H. Hennemann (Kaiserslautern, Germany; FH).

Key words: Phasmatodea; Heteropterygidae; Obriminae; Obrimini; *Hennobrimus hennemanni* n. gen. n. sp.; Philippines; Mindanao Island; Leyte Island

Introduction

The Phasmid fauna of the Philippine Islands is apparently rich but still poorly known. The Obrimini, a tribe of Heteropterygidae: Obriminae, is restricted to the Philippine Islands, Palawan and Northern Borneo, but the great majority of taxa is endemic to the Philippines. Although this is the perhaps best known group of Philippine Phasmatodea, new species and even genera are frequently found (e.g. Zompro, 1996; Hennemann & Conle, 2003; Zompro, 2004; Hennemann & Conle, in press). An extensive study on the archipelagos members of Obrimini was published by Rehn & Rehn in 1939. Recently, a brief generic revision of the entire family, mainly based on the previous revision of Rehn & Rehn, was published by Zompro (2004). Zompro (2004: 200) divided Obriminae Rehn & Rehn, 1939 into three tribes: Microceramiini, Eubulidini and Obrimini, the latter including the genera *Obrimus* Stål, 1875, *Euobrimus* Rehn & Rehn, 1939, *Brasidas* Rehn & Rehn, 1939, *Sungaya* Zompro, 1996, *Aretaon* Rehn & Rehn, 1939 and *Trachyaretaon* Rehn & Rehn, 1939.