

***Lopharcha moriutii*, sp. nov. and *Polylopha cassiicola* Liu & Kawabe (Lepidoptera, Tortricidae, Chlidanotinae, Polyorthini) from Thailand and Hong Kong**

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Abstract

Lopharcha moriutii, sp. nov., is described from Thailand and Hong Kong; the genus is recorded from China for the first time. *Polylopha cassiicola* is recorded from Hong Kong. Adults and genitalia are illustrated.

Key words: taxonomy, Oriental fauna, Southeast Asia, China, genitalia

Introduction

The tribe Polyorthini (Tortricidae, Chlidanotinae) is distributed in the Palearctic, Oriental, and Neotropical regions; 22 genera and 148 species are known (Brown *et al.*, 2005). Adults usually have a dark brown forewing with raised scale tufts (*Acleris*-like), and the male genitalia have a membranous valva with a longitudinal split containing a hairpencil arising from the eighth segment. Diakonoff (1974) reviewed the tribe in South Asia, treating six genera and 28 species. The fauna of the tribe has received little attention in the area since then. An examination of material from Thailand and Hong Kong revealed a new species of the genus *Lopharcha* and a new record of *Polylopha cassiicola* Liu & Kawabe, 1993. I describe the former as new to science and record the latter from Hong Kong, with illustrations of adults and genitalia.

Materials and methods

Specimens were borrowed from the Entomological Laboratory, Osaka Prefecture University, Sakai, Japan (OPU) and The Natural History Museum, London, United