





A new European species of *Pegomya* Robineau-Desvoidy (Diptera: Anthonyiidae) near *P. flavoscutellata* (Zetterstedt)

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Abstract

A new species of *Pegomya* Robineau-Desvoidy is described from Europe (Sweden, Denmark and Finland) by the name of *P. curviphall is* It belongs, together with the Holarctic *P. flavoscutellata* (Zetterstedt) and the Nearctic *P. flaviante nnat a*Griffiths, in a species group defined by a sickle-shaped distiphallus. Differential descriptions are given for the two European species of the *P. flavoscutel lata* species group, *P. curviphall is* sp. nov. and *P. flavoscutellata* Larvae of *P. flavoscutel lata* are known to feed on bolete mushrooms (*Leccinu m* spp.), and a similar larval diet can be expected in other species of the *P. flavo scutellata* species group.

Key words: Diptera, Anthomyiidae, Pegomya, new species, Europe

Introduction

The new species of *Pegomya* Robineau-Desvoidy described below, *P. curviphalli s* sp. nov., has been confused with *P. flavoscutellata* (Zetterstedt, 1838) (= *P. flavip alpis* (Zetterstedt, 1845)). True *P. flavoscutellat a* is a widespread, Holarctic species that in Europe occurs mainly in northern and elevated, continental areas. *Pegomya curviphallis* has been rarely collected, but the limited records available suggest that it replaces *P. flavo scutell at a* in Denmark and the southern and coastal lowlands of Sweden and Finland.

Abbreviations . FMNH — Finnish Museum of Natural History, Helsinki; MZLU — Museum of Zoology, Lund University; ZMUC — Zoological Museum, University of Copenhagen; *ad* — antero-dorsal; *pd* — postero-dorsal.